

Modelling Martian and Lunar Environments Using the GRAPPA with GRAS

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What is GRAPPA?

- GRAS Preprocessor for Planetary bodies and Asteroids
- Creates GDML geometry representations of Mars and Moon so that ESA's GRAS/Geant4 may be used for 3D particle simulation
- Planar and spherical geometries
 - Simple 1D geometries, or
 - 3D geometries with XY (latitude/longitude) dependence
- Can be used at local scales (~ several metres) to planetary scales
- Treatment of:
 - Atmosphere composition and density as function of altitude
 - Soil as function of depth
 - Precipitates (CO₂ & H₂O)
 - Magnetic fields (for Mars)
- Geometry defined based on a user-selected point on Mars/Moon
 - Can be extended to Phobos and Deimos
- Part of ESA Human Interplanetary Exploration Radiation Risk Assessment System (*HIERRAS*) Project













Why use GRAS & Why Create a Geometry Preprocessor? - Maintainability

Why not use dedicated Geant4 applications PLANTOCOSMICS (Uni Bern/ESA) or dMEREM (LIP/ESA)?

- GRAS application performs full 3D particle transport with nuclear & EM interactions
- GRAS is well maintained, well structured, and frequently updated:
 - Use more recent version of Geant4 (v10.7 patch 3) more up-to-date physics
 - New analysis modules GRAS v6.0 includes human exposure quantities, incl. ICRP-123 coefficient based
 - Multithreaded GRAS v6.o
 - Two-stage simulation to resample ("split") particles nearer habitats
 - User-added magnetic fields
 - Reverse MC for ions in future?
- GRAS being used for 3D radiation analysis of spacecraft modules
- Use GRAS as "Geant4 simulation engine" for interactions with planet/moon structure
- Geant4 GDML file reader other Geant4 applications may be used
- Note: FLUKA can also simulate particle interactions in GDML geometries









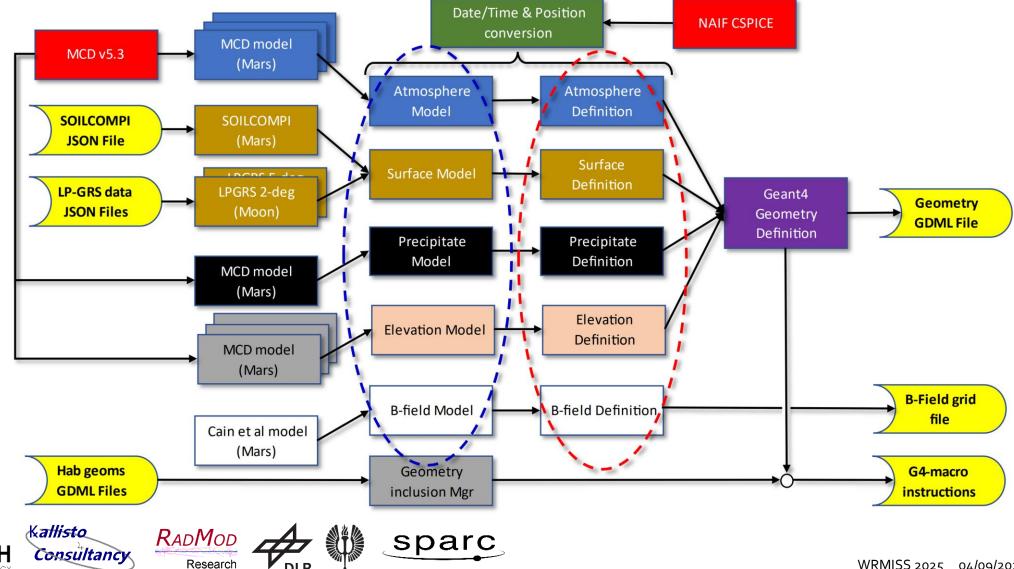






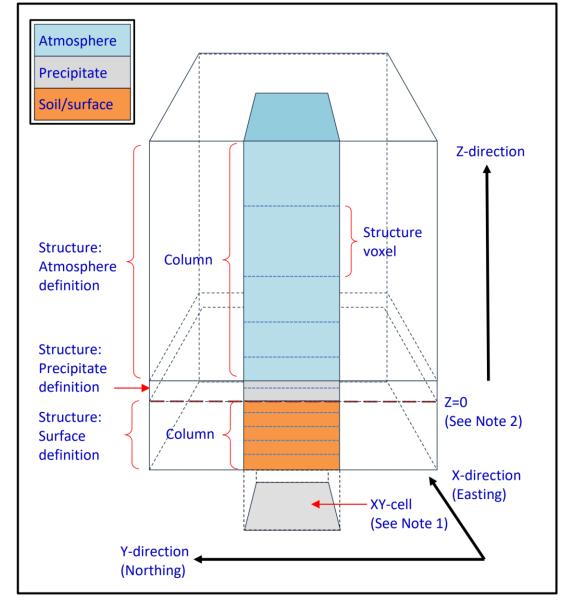
GRAS on ESA ESSR

GRAPPA Functions



The GRAPPA Geometry Structure

- The modelled geometry comprises
 Atmosphere, Precipitate and Surface layers
- Sub-divided into columns delimited in XY
 - Relative to user reference point
 - Flat geometries: XY are displacements in length
 - Spherical: XY are in degrees
- Each of these is segmented into voxels based on user-supplied Z-grids
- Grid XY resolution can be different between Atmosphere, Precipitate and Surface

















GRAPPA Models Currently Implemented

Atmosphere:

- Mars Climate Database (MCD) v_{5.3}
- User defined composition and $\rho(H)$
- User defined fixed composition and scale Height

Precipitate:

- Mars Climate Database (MCD) v_{5.3} for CO₂ & H₂O ice
- User defined composition and $\rho(H)$

Surface:

- SOILCOMPI based on Mars Odyssey's MGRS; from LIP's dMEREM code (ESA MarsREM Project)
- Lunar Prospector GRS (2-deg) based composition model
- User defined composition and $\rho(H)$

Magnetic Field (crustal models for Mars):

- Cain et al, n=50
- Cain et al, n=90 (2003)
- Purucker et al (2001)
- Alternatively, user-defined field can be added in GRAS simulation

- Software OO-design allows easy extension of GRAPPA to treat additional models
 - Can be interfaced to external software library or data-file based model
- Potential to extend to Earth or other planets and moons









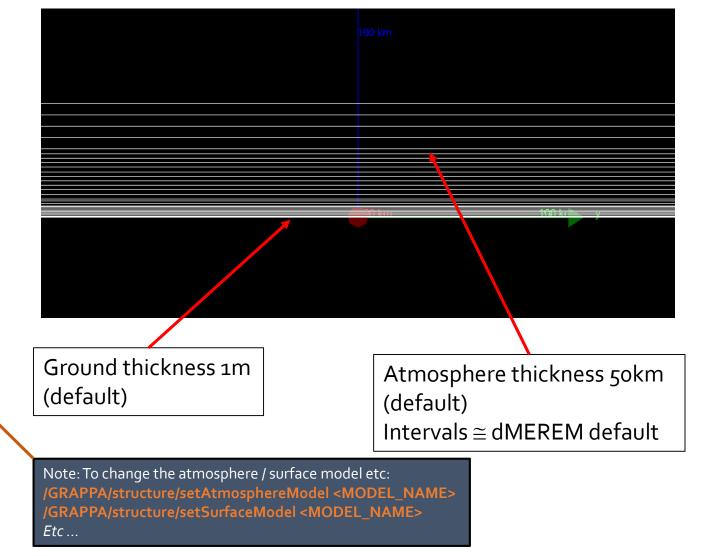




Simple Mars Case (Flat geometry)

/GRAPPA/setPlanet MARS
/GRAPPA/setReferenceDate 2004 1 4 4 35 0.0
/GRAPPA/setReferencePosition 175.48 -14.57 deg
/GRAPPA/structure/setShape FLAT
/GRAPPA/listPlanet
/GRAPPA/structure/createAtmosphereStructure
/GRAPPA/structure/createSurfaceStructure
/GRAPPA/structure/createElevationStructure
/GRAPPA/preConstructGeometry
/GRAPPA/constructGeometry
/GRAPPA/saveGeometry test_01_00_1_out.gdml

Solar system body MARS NAIF SPICE ID for body Date/time [UTC] : 2004-01-04T04:35.00.00 126462964.184004 Date/time ET [s] : MJD 1950 [dy] : 19726.1909719939 Longitude [deg] : 175.480 Latitude -14.570 [deg] : Z-datum type (default) : ORIGIN CELL GROUND Models used Elevation ZERO MCD ATMOSPHERE Atmosphere Precipitate MCD PRECIPITATE Surface SOILCOMPI





Magnetic field:





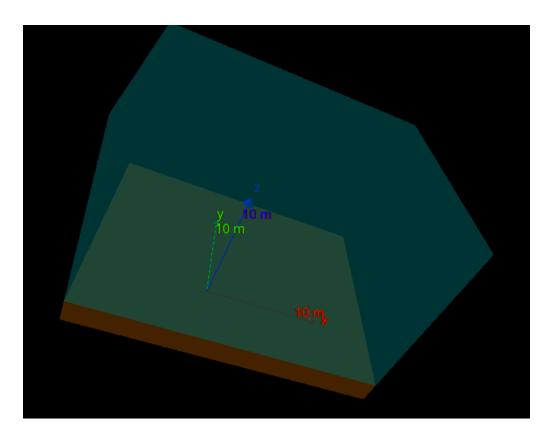
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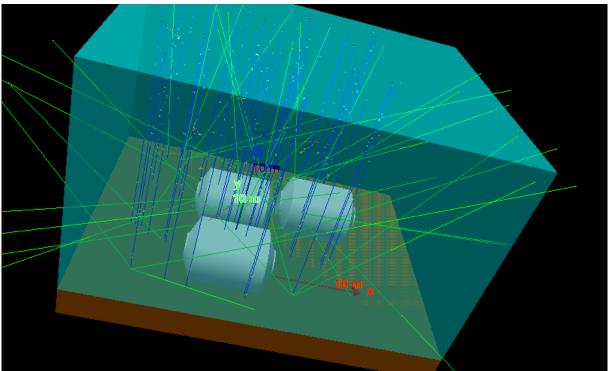




Mars Case: Local Environment Model & Addition of Mission Equipment



Local environment with partially-buried habitat modules (additional GDML files) included in GRAS simulation



Local environment 25 x 20 x 17 m³



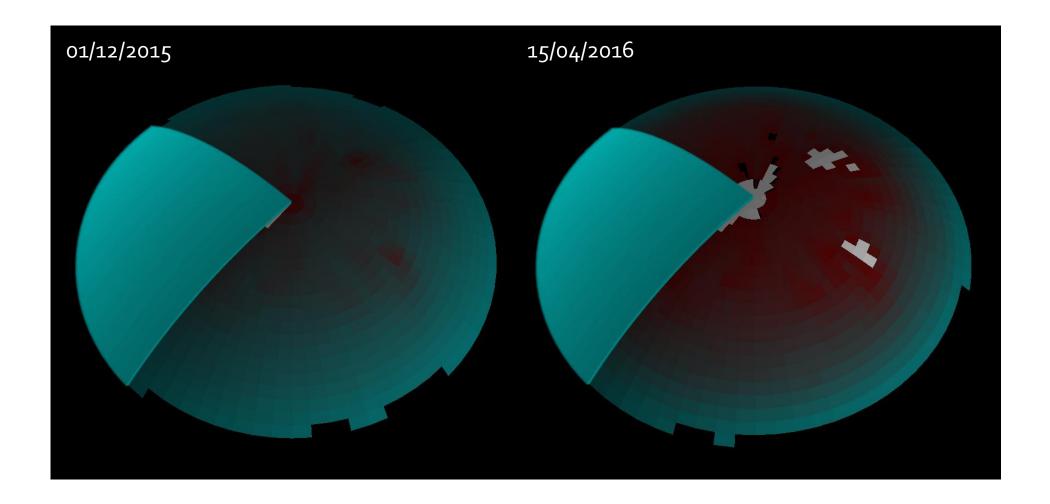








Spatial Dependence of CO₂ and H₂O Ice (MCD v_{5.3})







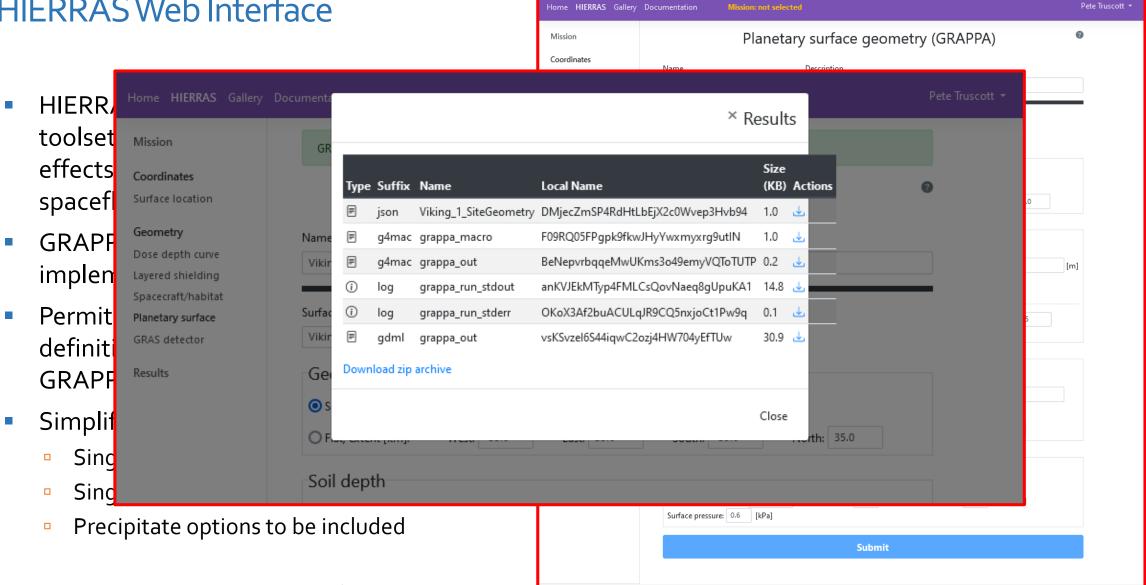








HIERRAS Web Interface







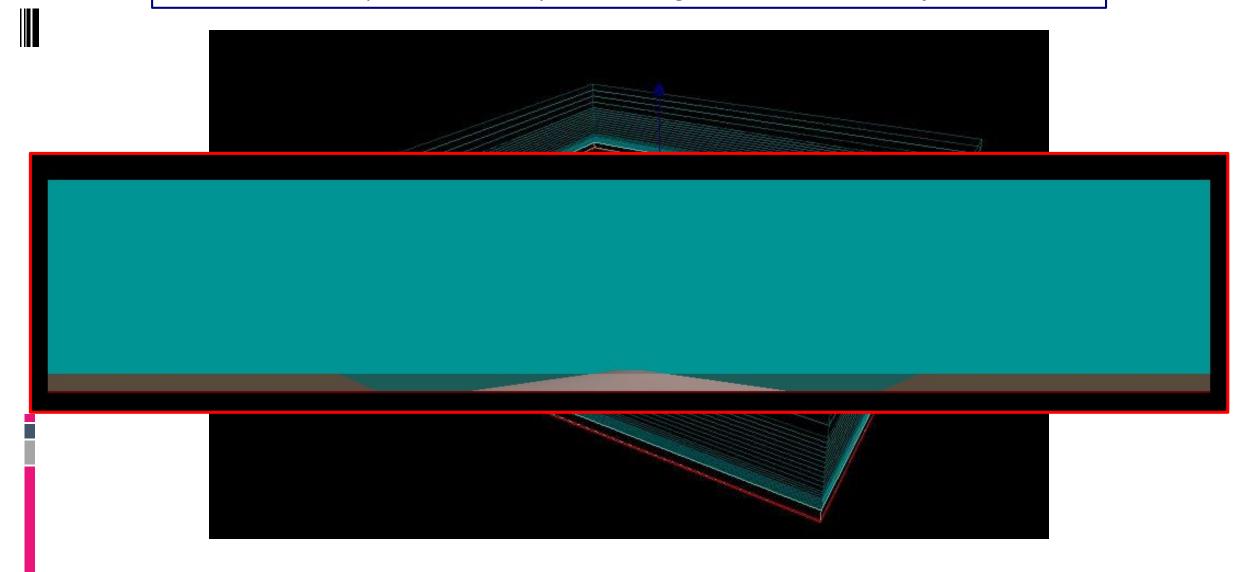








GDML Gale Crater Representation easily created using G4 Parallel Mass World features in GRAS

















Dockerization of Geant4 – **<u>g4 space apps</u>** Features



- G4 v10.7 patch o3 is required together with GRAPPA and GRAS.
- Installing and maintaining installations of Geant4 can be very problematic for user if they're not experts
- A docker image has been created for HIERRAS containing Geant4 with:
 - GRAS
 - MULASSIS
 - SSAT
 - CIRVis
 - GRAPPA
 - MAGNETOCOSMICS
- Portable between Linux and Windows
 - Need OS specific batch files, bash scripts or alias commands to help invoke functions
- Status
 - Not currently released
 - Expected Docker build scripts to be available under ESSR Open Worldwide licence















Summary

- GRAPPA is a new ESA tool to help predict radiation environments near/on planets & moons:
 - Allows easy creation of Mars and Moon geometries for 3D GRAS-Geant4 simulations
 - Treats local to planetary scales
 - From simple 1D case to complex 3D (longitude/latitude/altitude) spatial dependency
 - Position-dependent compositions for atmosphere, soil, precipitate are possible at different resolutions
 - Includes crustal magnetic field models
- Allowing GRAS to be used for particle simulation and analyses
 - More efficient to maintain ESA Geant4-based planetary radiation analysis capability
- Applications:
 - Analyses for radiation effects for human interplanetary spaceflight
 - Can be extended to treat other planets with/without large-scale magnetic fields:
 Earth, Jupiter, Saturn, etc.
 - Scientific analyses: interpretation of data from airborne/space-borne instruments











