

Ten years of Radiation Environment Monitors on ISS

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26th WRMISS, Rome, Italy,
September 2023



Radiation Environment Monitors

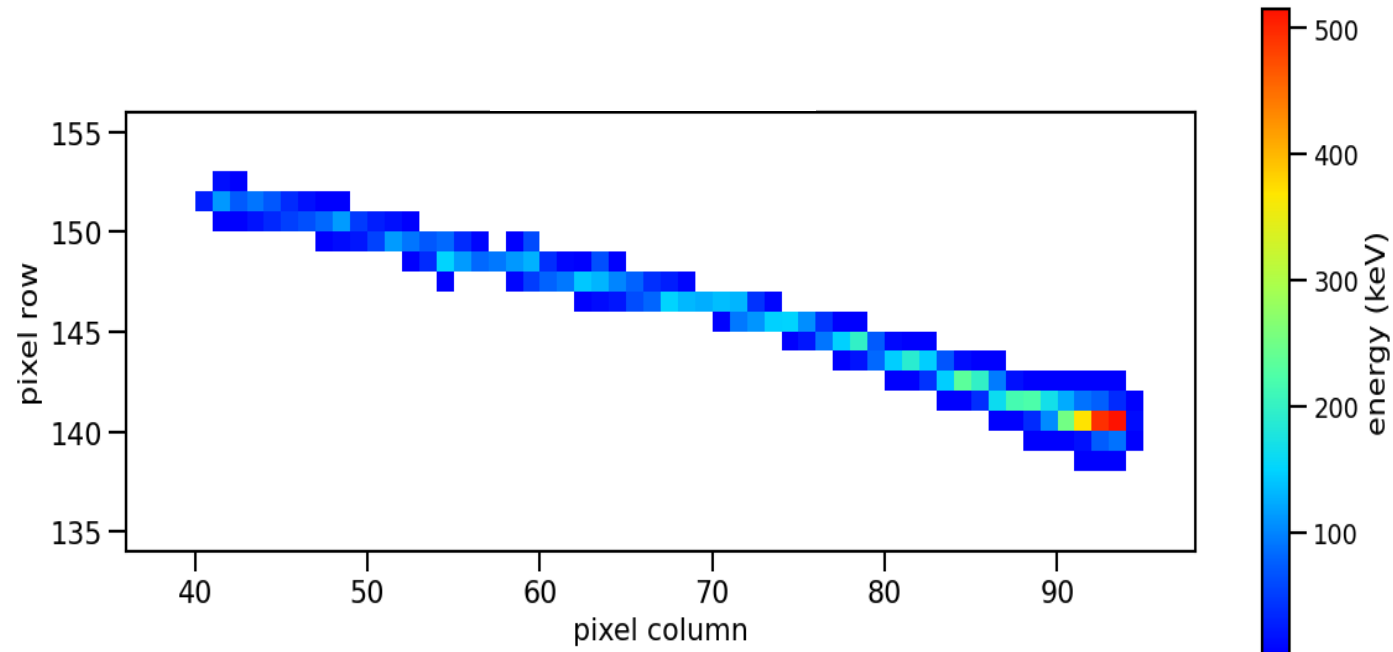


- Timepix, hybrid detector
- Minipix readout
- 500 μm Si sensor
- 256 x 256 pixels – solid-state nuclear emulsion analog
- pixel pitch = 55 μm
- time-over-threshold energy resolution (5 keV threshold)
- frame length from ms to ∞
- adaptive shutter algorithm
- connected to SSCs via USB cables, but fixed (\approx) in position

Technology demo from 2012 to 2019, 7 units operational from February 10th 2019

Radiation Environment Monitors

- Each particle crossing the Timepix is individually recorded, giving
 - deposited energy
 - direction of travel of the (charged) particle
 - length of the particle track
 - a detailed image of the track
- Attributes we can identify include
 - dose
 - LET
 - particle ID (e. g. atomic number)
 - particle velocity



Statistics

Since the first ISS REM unit was switched on, on October 20th, 2012*

Livetime = 17,937 days, 8 hours, 43 minutes, 26.90 seconds

Total frames = 405,832,053

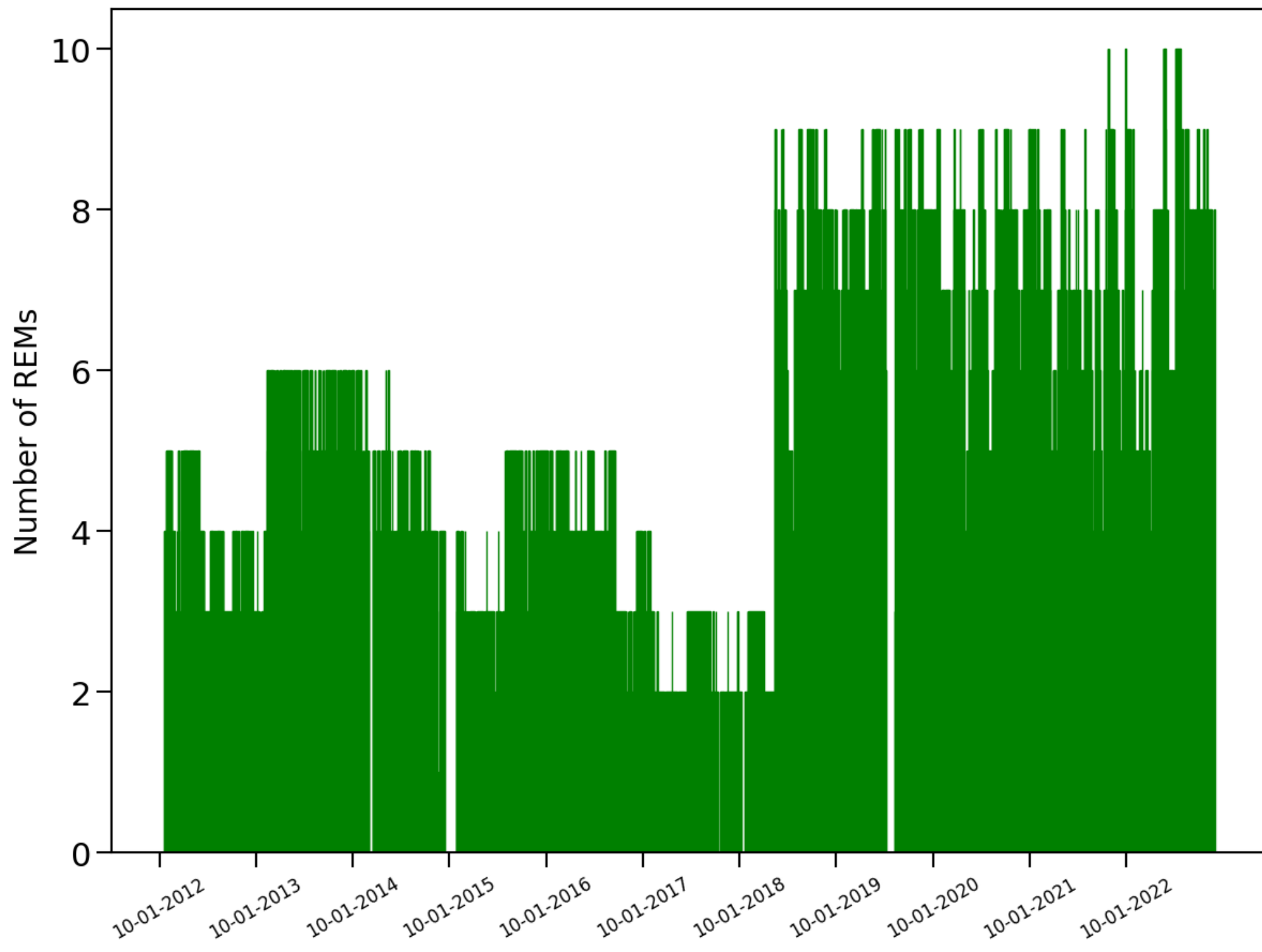
Total clusters = 9,726,167,287

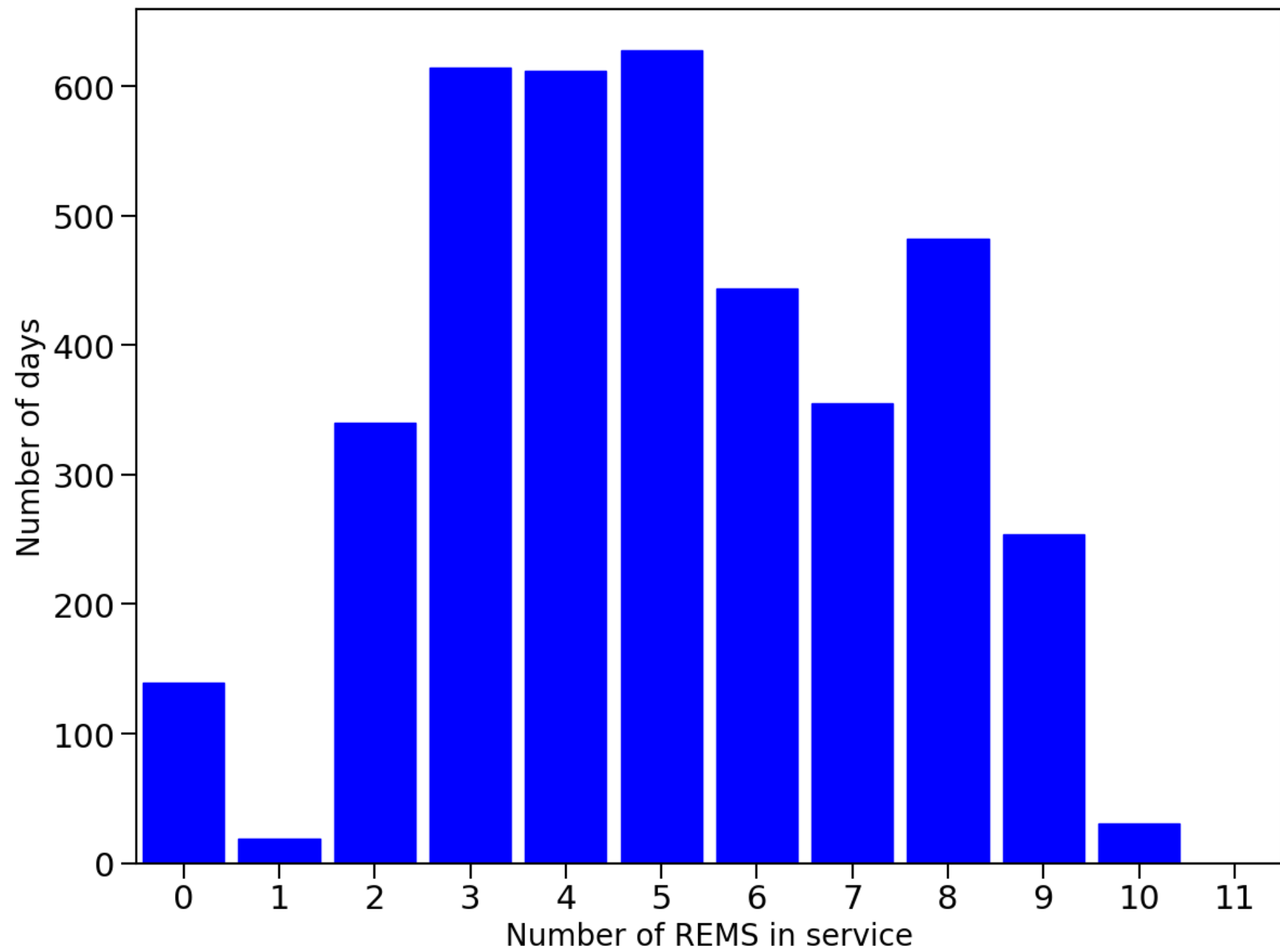
Total Pixels = 150,715,020,874

Days without coverage = 140 days (out of 3968, i.e. 96.5% of days covered)

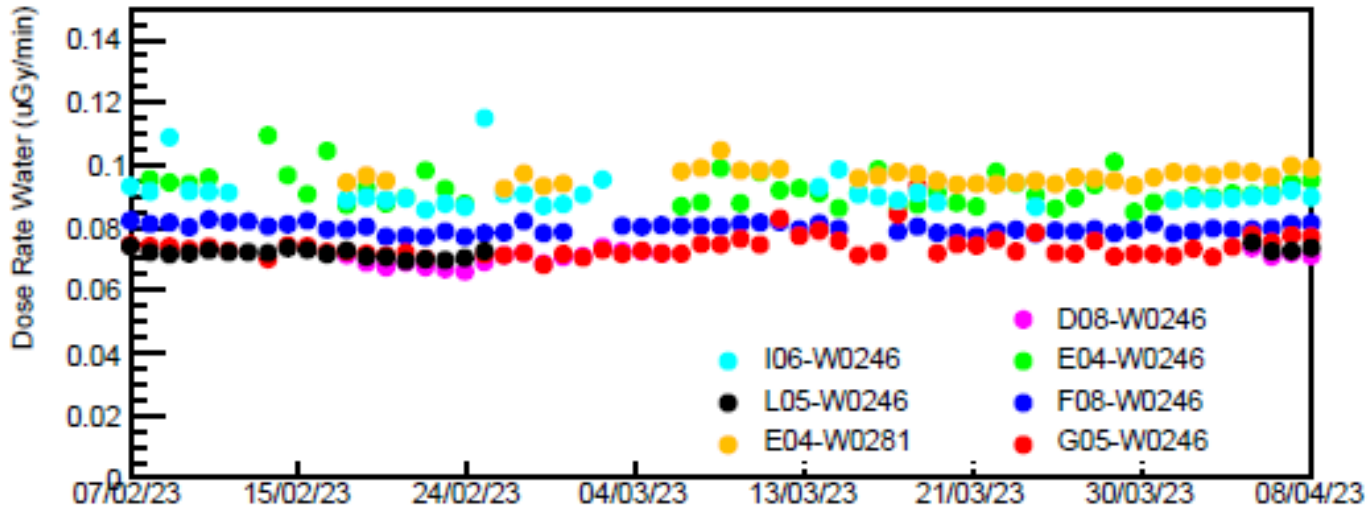
Longest non-covered period = 43 days (prior to becoming operational in 2019)

*Excludes non-REM Timepix devices, such as HERA & MPT

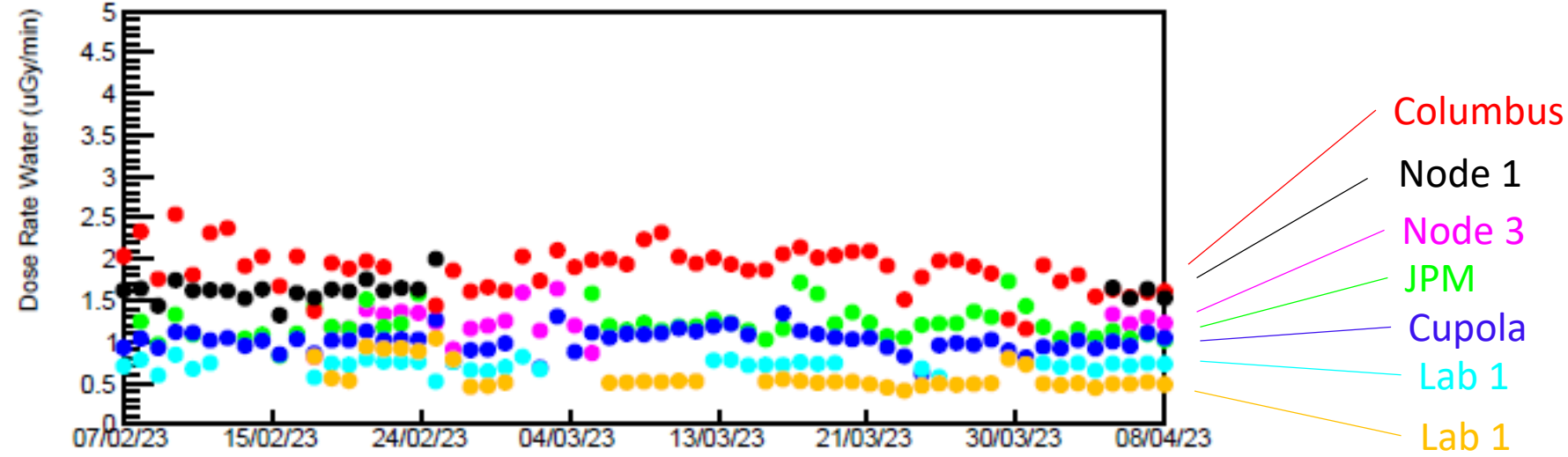




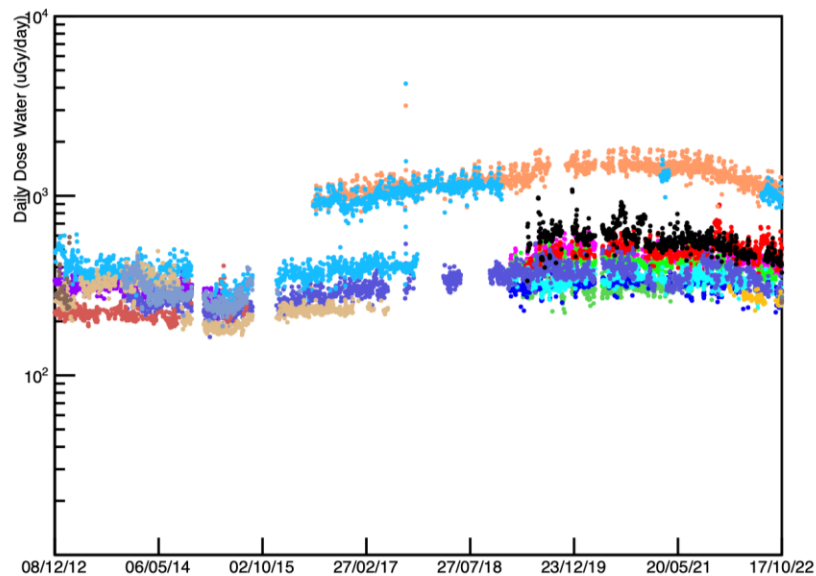
Daily Dose Rate GCR



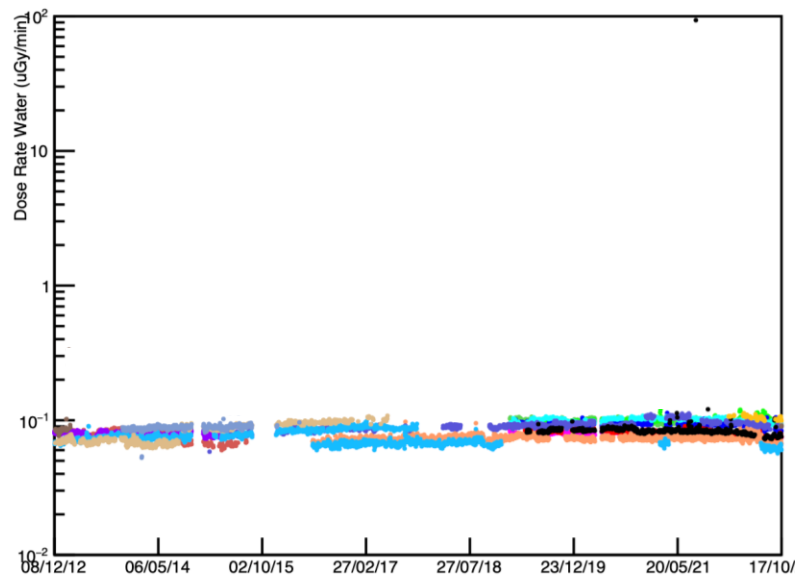
Daily Dose Rate SAA



Daily Dose Water

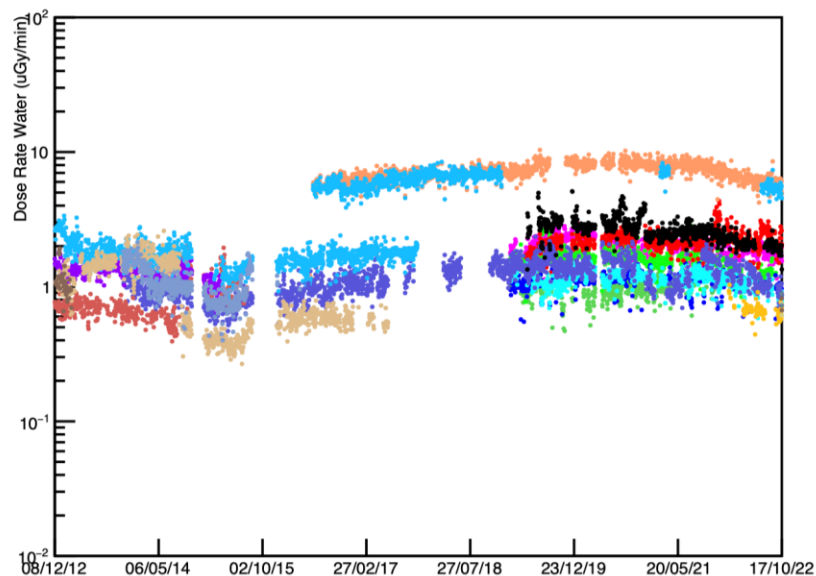


Daily Dose Rate GCR

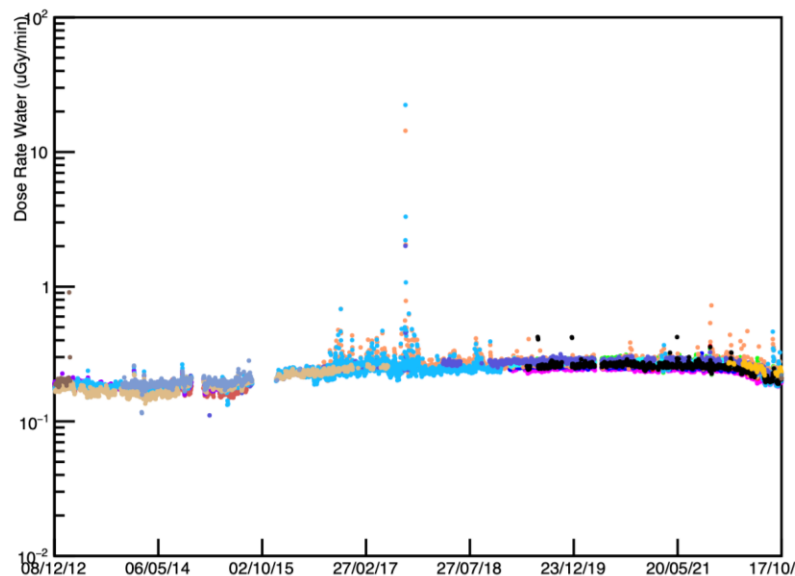


- | | |
|-------------|-------------|
| ● C03-W0332 | ● B08-W0246 |
| ● E02-W0332 | ● D08-W0246 |
| ● A06-W0281 | ● E04-W0246 |
| ● J06-W0292 | ● F08-W0246 |
| ● J03-W0253 | ● G05-W0246 |
| ● G03-W0253 | ● H10-W0099 |
| ● I03-W0094 | ● H06-W0099 |
| ● I04-W0094 | ● I06-W0246 |
| ● G03-W0094 | ● J02-W0156 |
| ● D03-W0094 | ● L05-W0246 |
| ● E06-W0087 | ● E04-W0281 |
| ● G01-W0099 | ● L05-W0299 |

Daily Dose Rate SAA

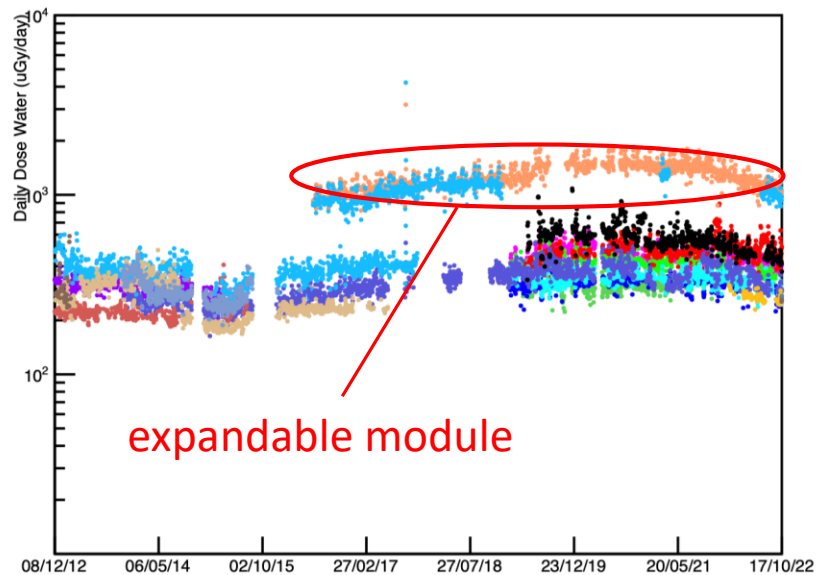


Daily Dose Rate Polar

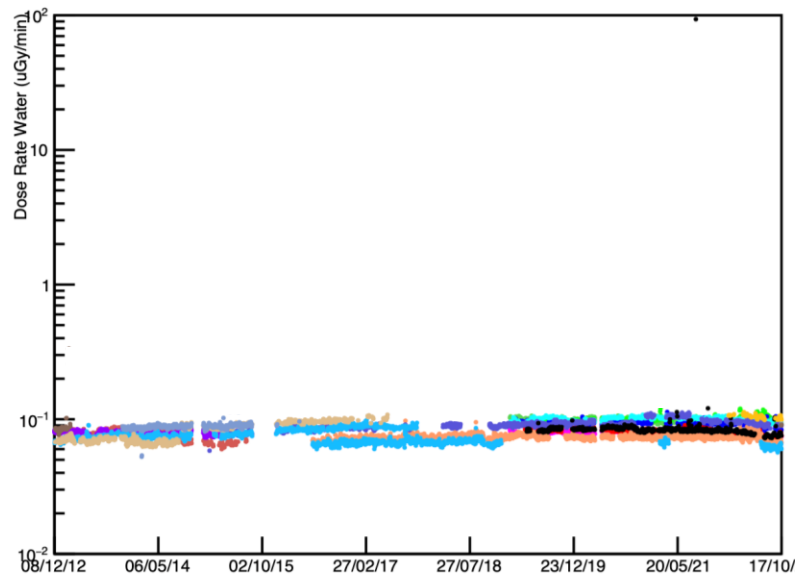


SAA = $L < 3$, $B < 23 \mu\text{T}$
 Polar = $L > 3$
 GCR = all other points

Daily Dose Water

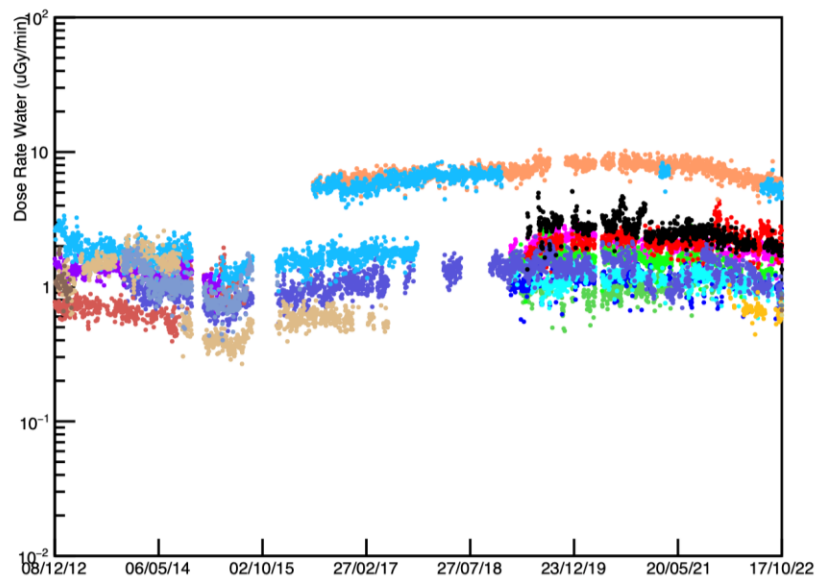


Daily Dose Rate GCR

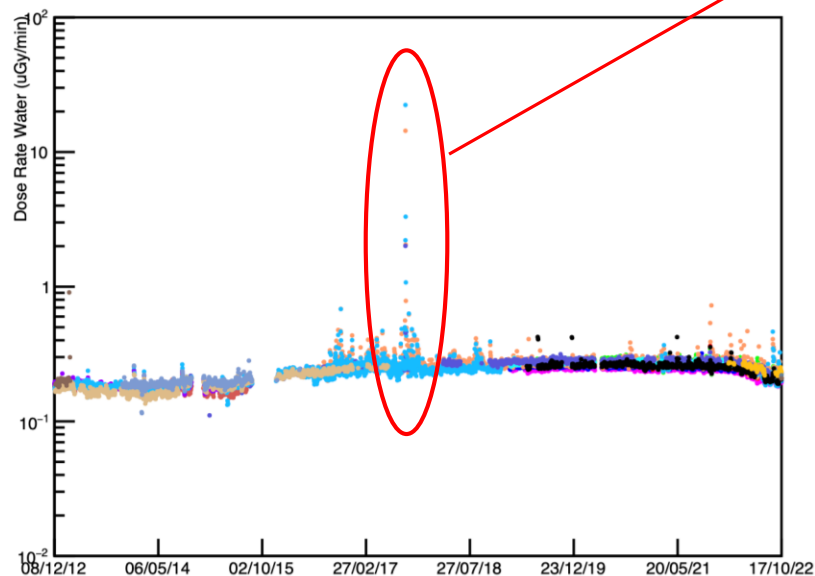


- | | |
|-------------|-------------|
| ● C03-W0332 | ● B08-W0246 |
| ● E02-W0332 | ● D08-W0246 |
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| ● J06-W0292 | ● F08-W0246 |
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| ● G03-W0253 | ● H10-W0099 |
| ● I03-W0094 | ● H06-W0099 |
| ● I04-W0094 | ● I06-W0246 |
| ● G03-W0094 | ● J02-W0156 |
| ● D03-W0094 | ● L05-W0246 |
| ● E06-W0087 | ● E04-W0281 |
| ● G01-W0099 | ● L05-W0299 |

Daily Dose Rate SAA



Daily Dose Rate Polar



September 2017 SPE

SAA = $L < 3$, $B < 23 \mu\text{T}$
 Polar = $L > 3$
 GCR = all other points

Single-layer telescope / isotope analysis

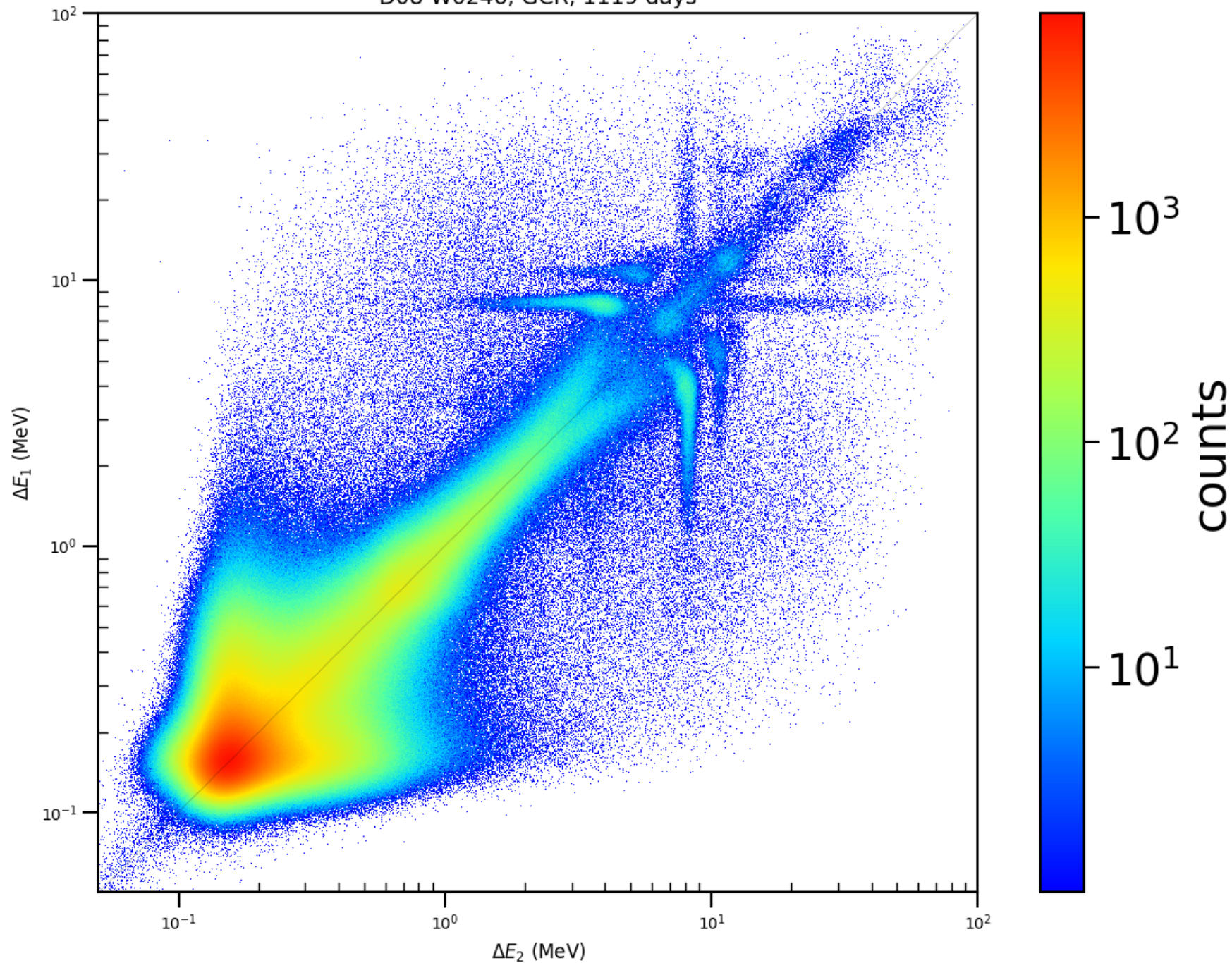
'Light ion isotope identification in space using pixel detector based single layer telescope,'
Kroupa *et al.*, Applied Physics Letters 113, 174101, (2018)

D08-W0246, GCR, 1119 days

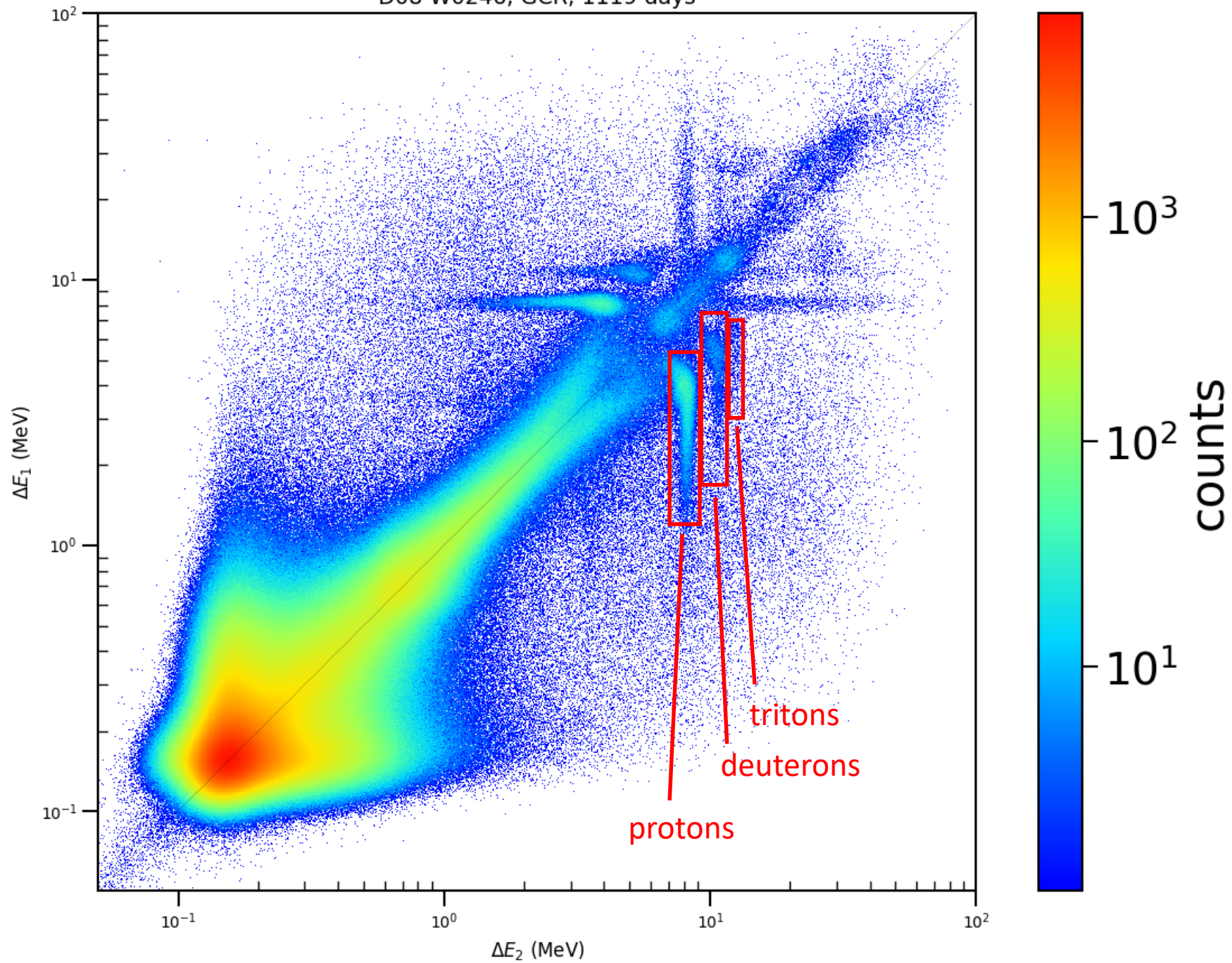
2 segments of track,
one at each end

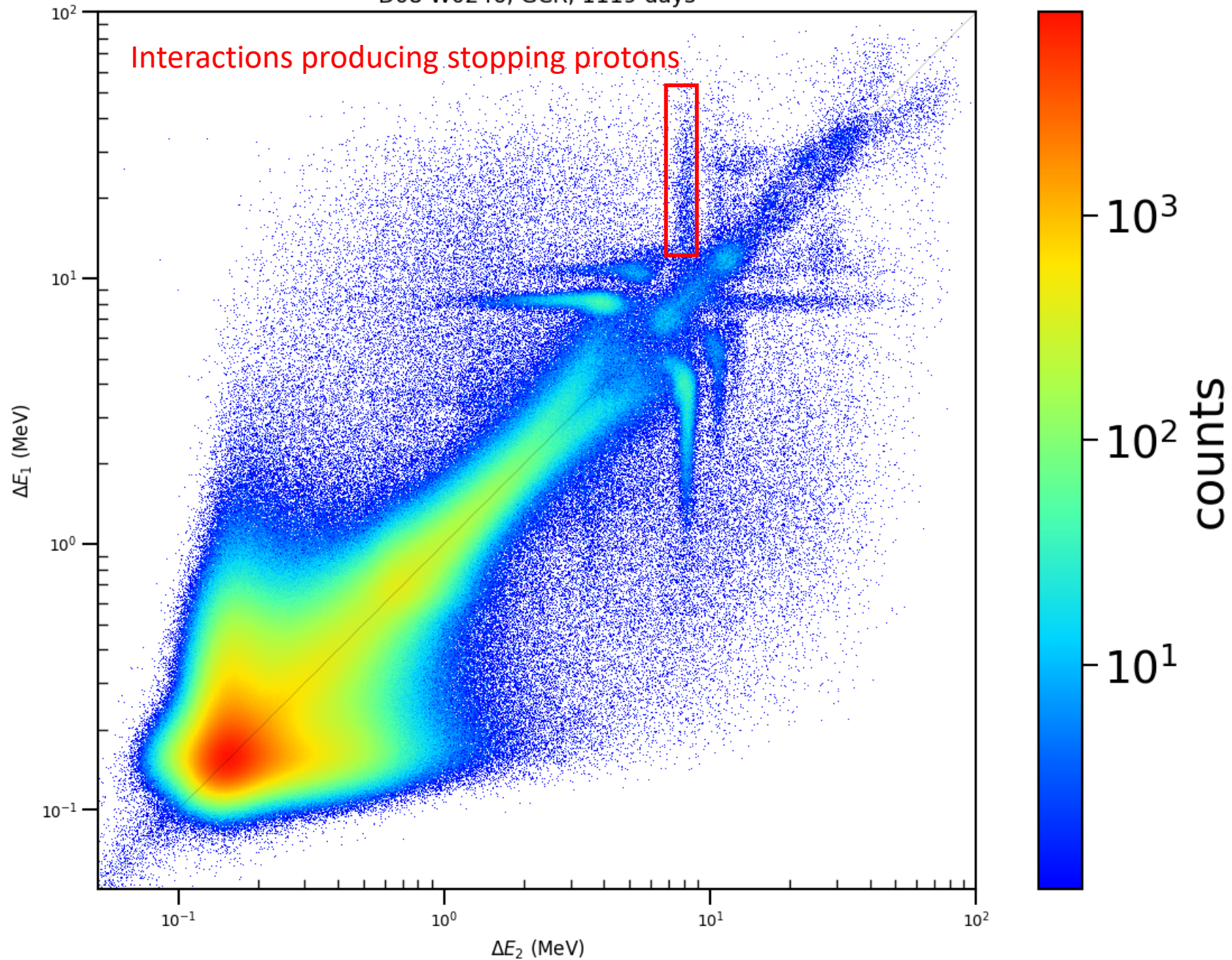
each segment 500 μm
(minimum angle of
incidence = 60°)

treat each segment as
the measurement of a
virtual telescope layer



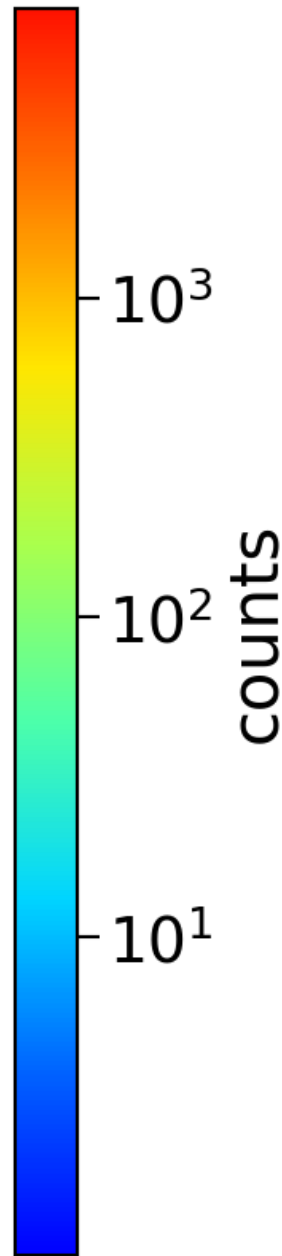
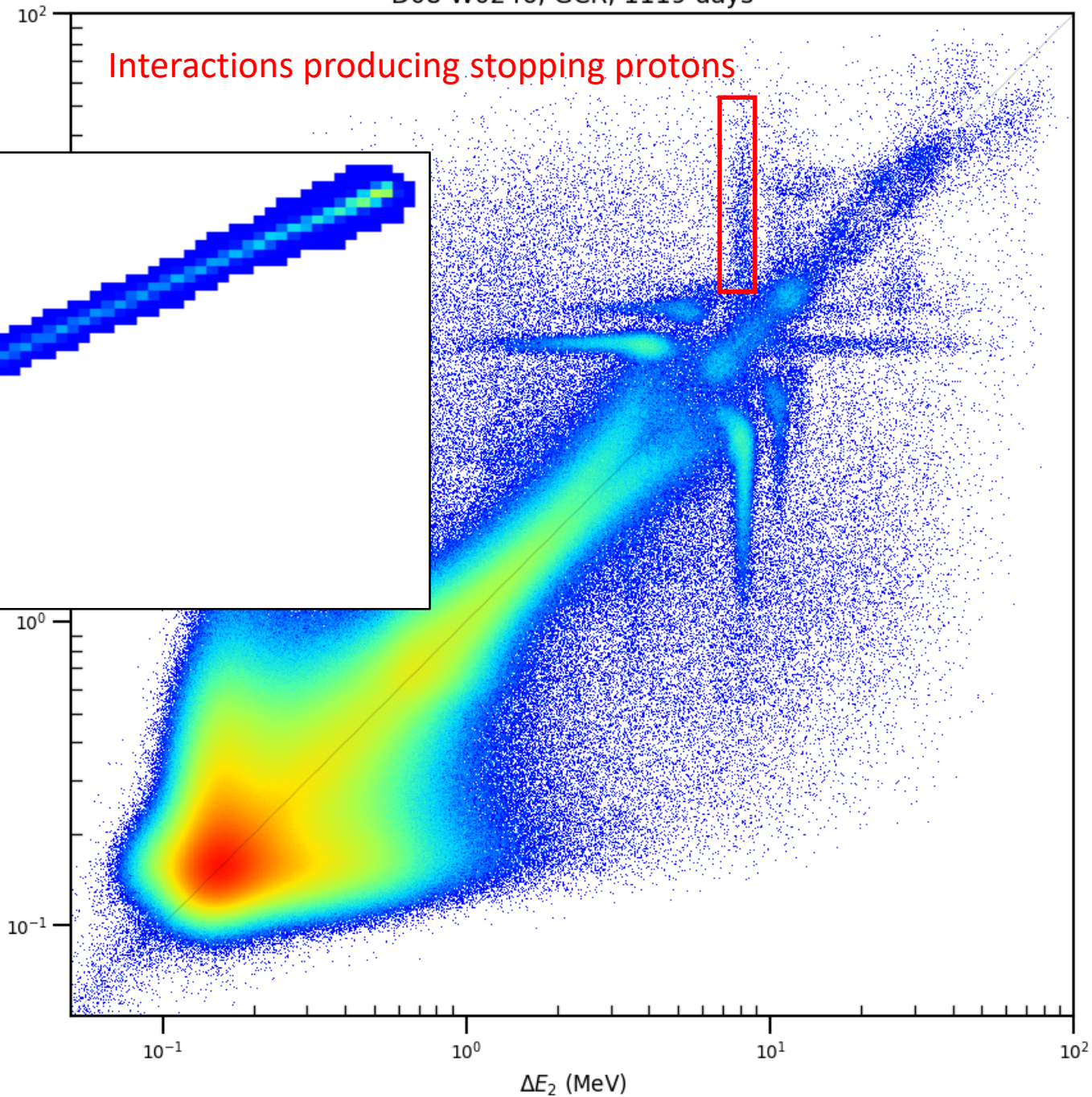
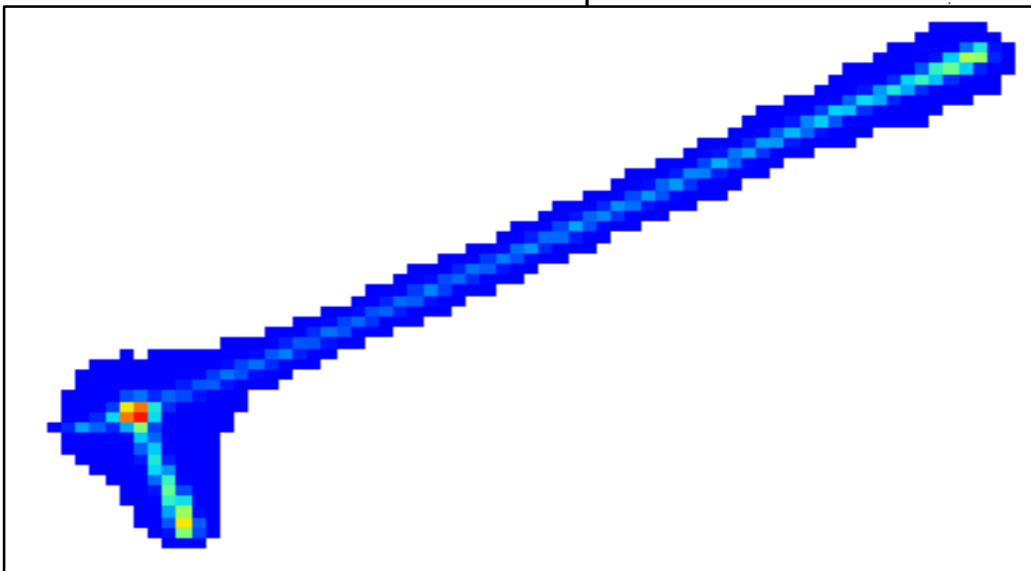
D08-W0246, GCR, 1119 days



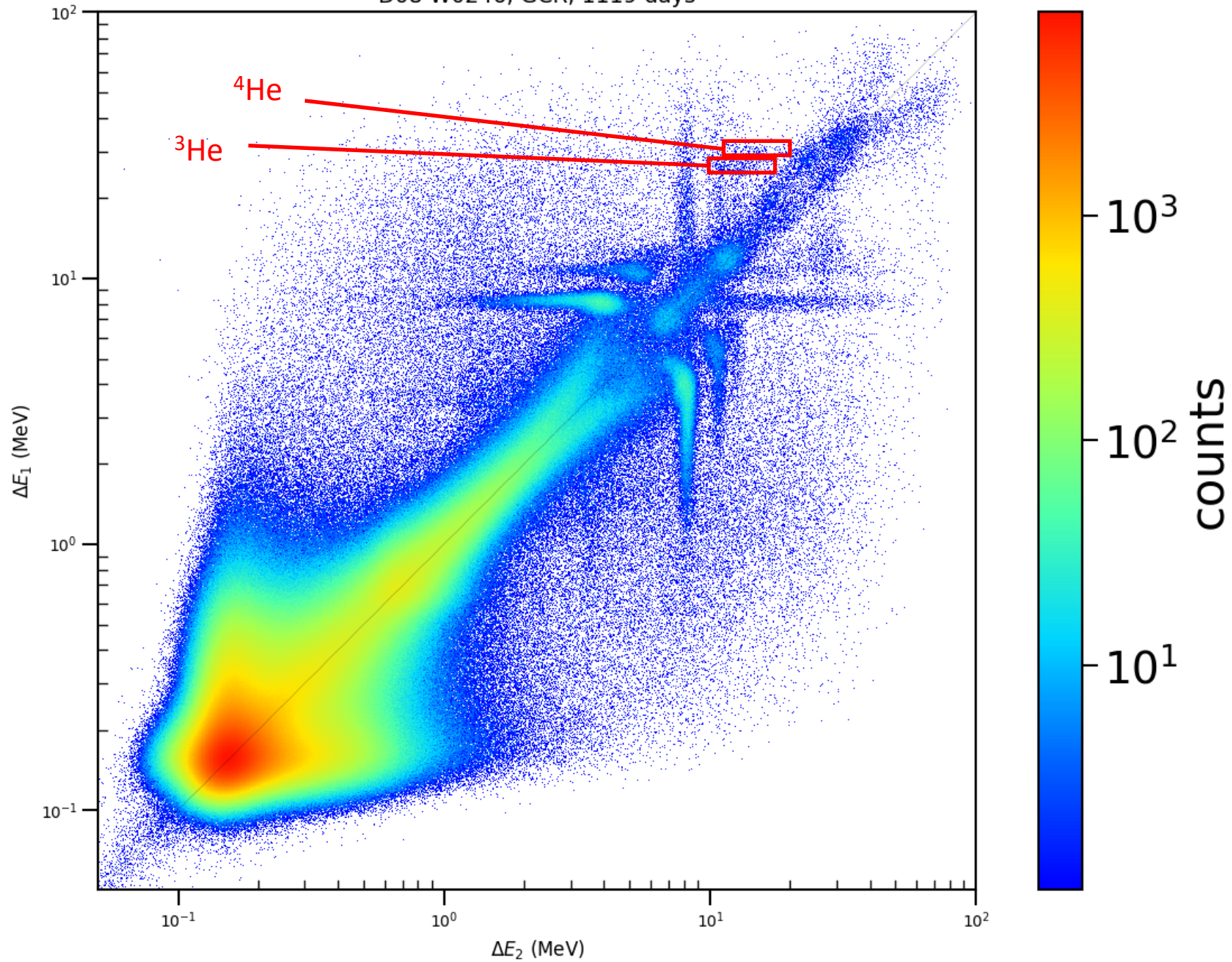


D08-W0246, GCR, 1119 days

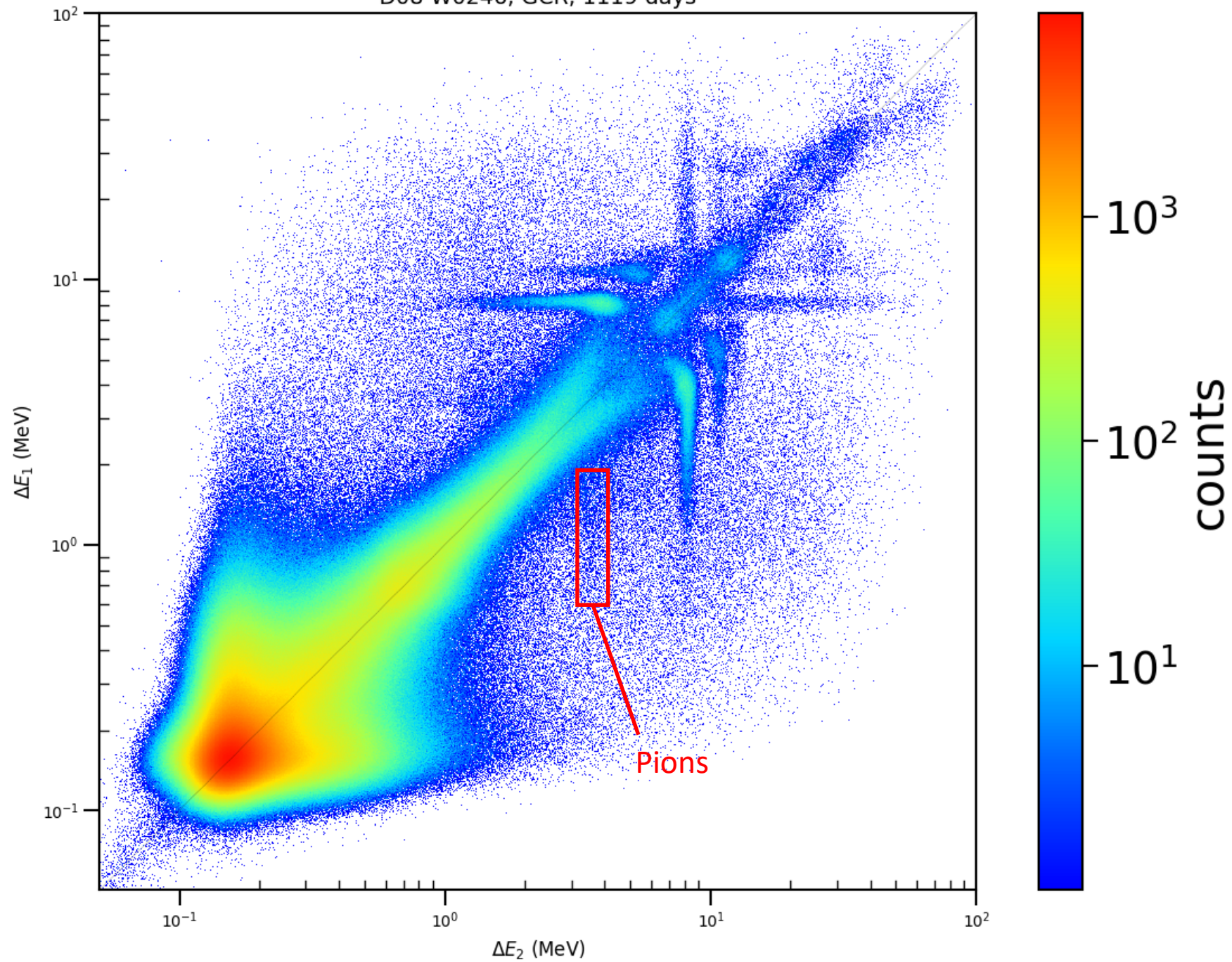
Interactions producing stopping protons



D08-W0246, GCR, 1119 days



D08-W0246, GCR, 1119 days

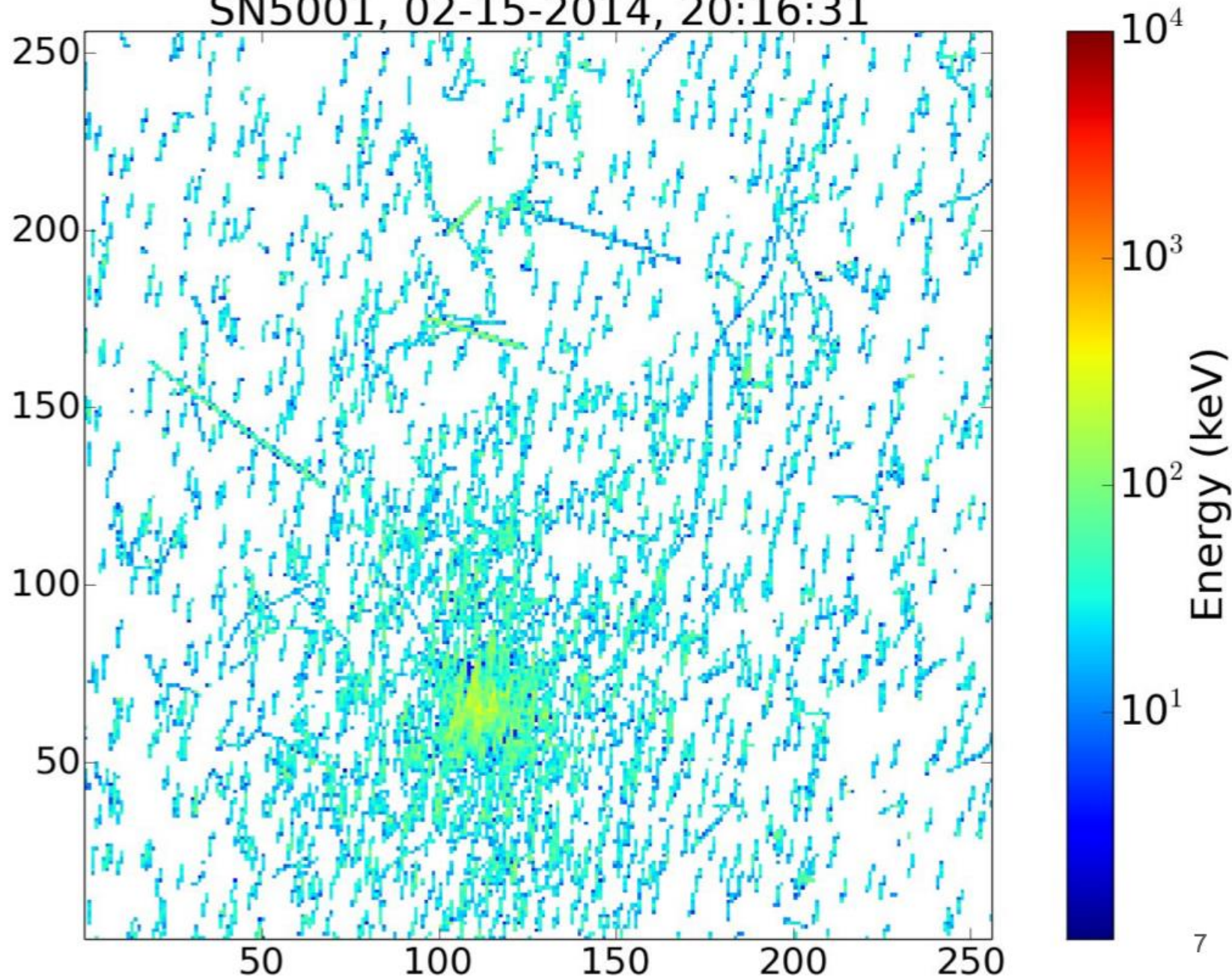


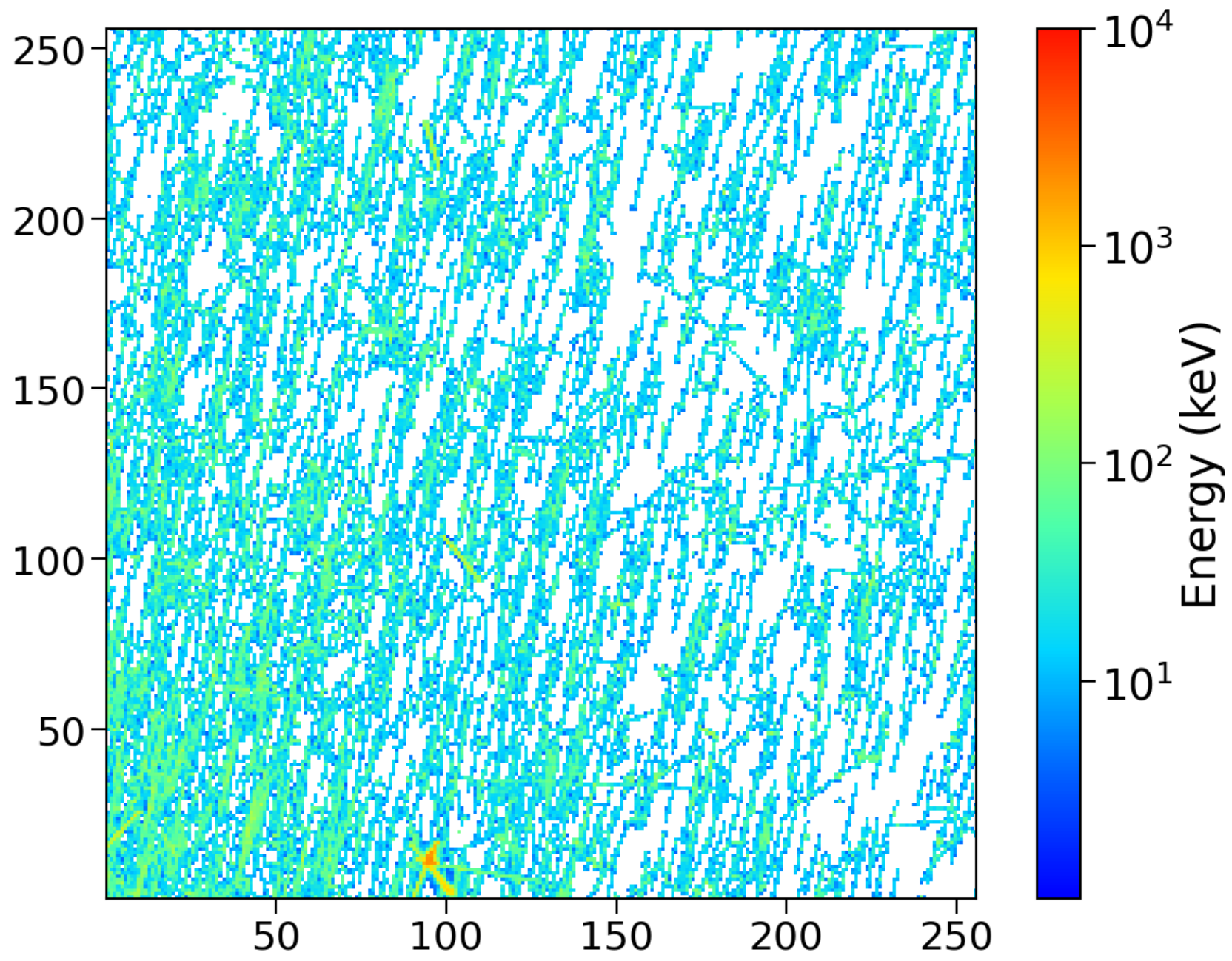
Hadron Showers

Martin Kroupa et al., Life Sciences in Space Research, “Particle showers detected on ISS in Timepix Pixel Detectors,” <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.lssr.2023.02.004>

SN5001, 02-15-2014, 20:16:31

- High density of tracks
- Event localized in time
- Tracks highly aligned
- Track density systematically modulated over image





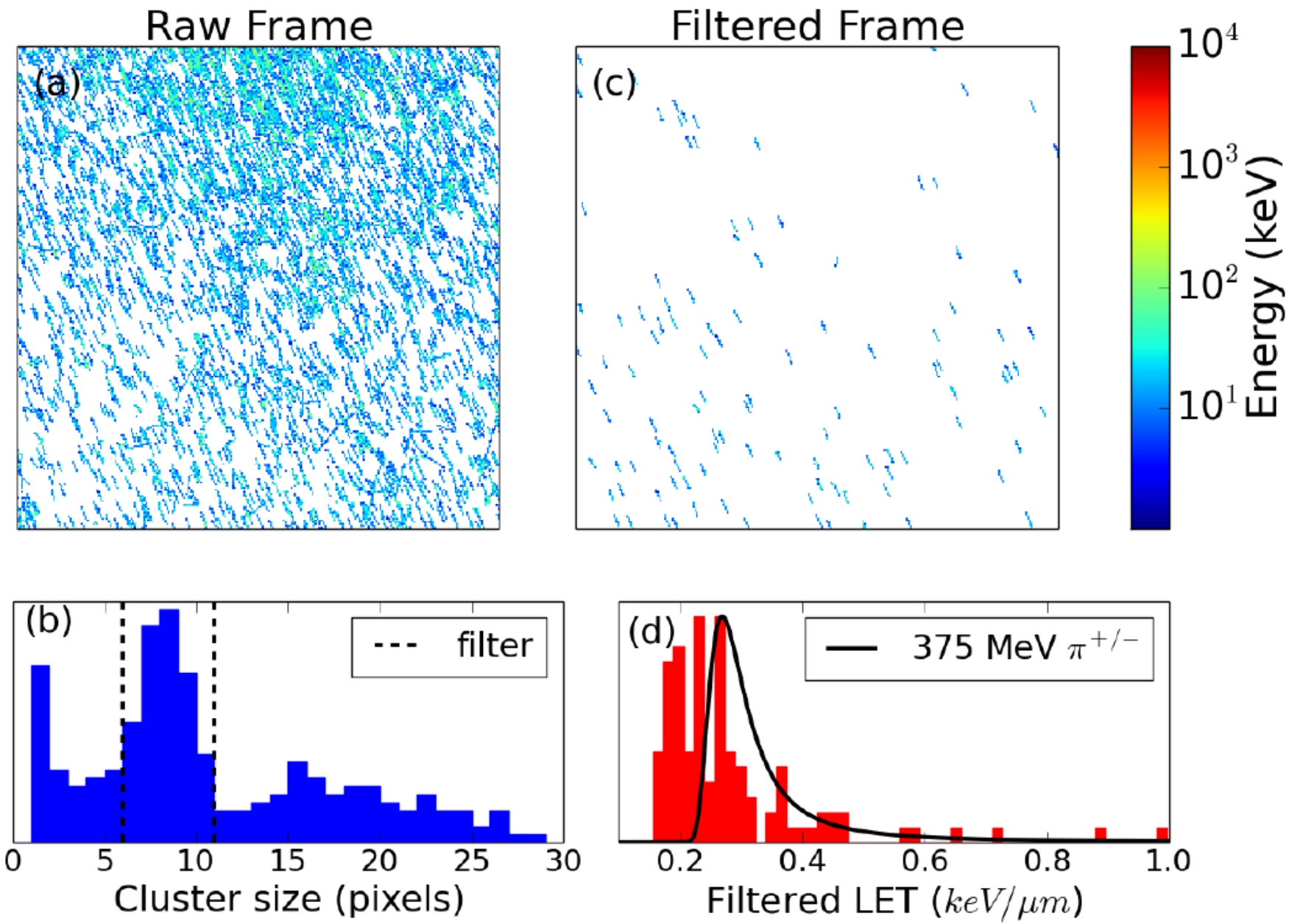
- A particularly busy event:
- 1 GeV deposited energy (0.7 μ Gy)
 - 54% pixel occupancy
 - Further analysis difficult due to overcrowding of tracks

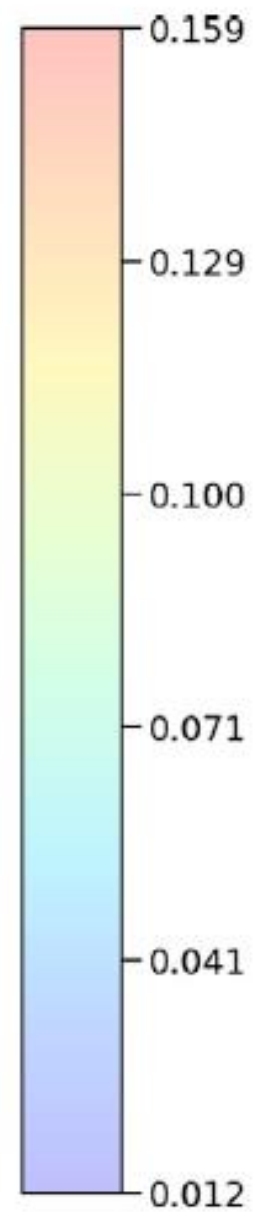
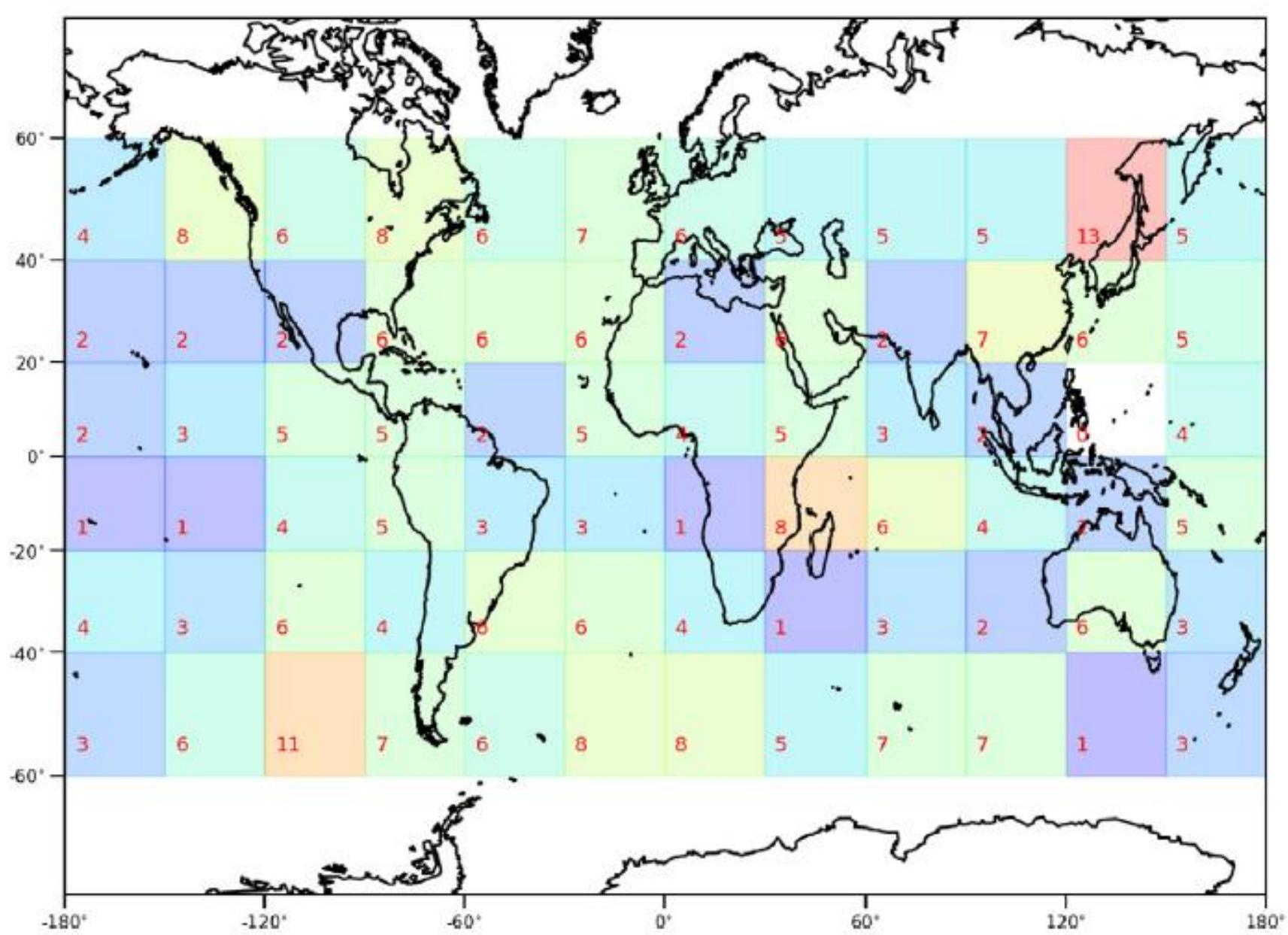
Event analysis:

Estimated particle count of 4124 over detector.

488 MeV deposited in detector ($\approx 0.3 \mu\text{Gy}$)

Primary particle lower bound of 20 TeV





Events > 10% occupancy per acquisition day

detector ID	location	events	yearly rate	$\mu\text{Gy}/\text{min}$, SAA
L05-W0246	NOD1	135	62.7 ± 5.4	2.407
G05-W0246	COLUMBUS	119	63.6 ± 5.8	1.788
D08-W0246	NOD3	155	68.9 ± 5.5	1.650
B08-W0246	LAB1	195	104.9 ± 7.5	0.831
I06-W0246	LAB1	194	109.3 ± 7.8	0.936
E04-W0246	JPM	263	125.4 ± 7.7	1.330
F08-W0246	CUPOLA	279	159.8 ± 9.6	0.898

1,340 in total, over about 2½ years (02/01/2019 to 09/30/2021),
equating to an average of 1 event per detector (mean area = 1.06 cm²) every 3.75 days

There's no "I" in "physycs":

- **NASA JSC** – Martin Kroupa , Nic Stoffle, Stuart George, Martin Leitgab, Ryan Rios, Dan Fry, Ramona Gaza, Mena Abdelmelek, Sergiy Rozhdestvensky, Amir Bahadori, Eddie Semones, Catherine McLeod, Michael Ecord, Maddy Vandewalle, Scott Wheeler, Aaron Schram, Diego Laramore, Andy Castro
- **University of Houston** - Larry Pinsky, Son Hoang, John Idarraga, Toni Empl
- **CERN** - Xavier Llopart Cudie, Jerome Alozy, Lukas Tlustos, Rafael Ballabriga, Michael Campbell
- **Advacam** - Jan Jakubek, Martin Jakubek, Pavel Soukup, Carlos Granja, Daniel Turecek
- **IEAP** - Stanislav Pospisil, Zdenek Vykydal
- **HIMAC** - Satoshi Kodaira, Hisashi Kitamura
- **NASA Space Radiation Laboratory** - Mike Sivertz, Adam Rusek,
- **Brookhaven National Laboratory Tandem** - Dannie Steskie, Chuck Carlson